

**THE UNITED REPUBLIC OF TANZANIA
PRESIDENTS OFFICE
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT**



**MWANZA REGION
REGIONAL FORM TWO MOCK ASSESSMENT**

011

CIVICS

Time: 2:30 Hours

Year: 2025

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper consists of sections A, B and C with a total of ten (10) questions
2. Answer all questions in the space provided
3. Section A carries **fifteen (15)** marks, section B **seventy (70)** marks and section C carries **fifteen (15)** marks
4. Write in blue or black ink. Draw in pencil
5. Write your examination number on the top right corner of every page of this question paper.

| For Examiners' Use Only | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|
| Question Number | Score | Examiner's Initial |
| 1 | | |
| 2 | | |
| 3 | | |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | | |
| 6 | | |
| 7 | | |
| 8 | | |
| 9 | | |
| 10 | | |
| Total | | |
| Checker's Initial | | |

This paper consists of 8 printed pages

SECTION A: (15 MARKS)

Answer **all** questions in this section.

1. For each of the items (i)-(x), choose the correct answer from the given alternatives and write its letter in the box provided.
- (i) Which of the following is an example of individual life skills? ()
A. Empathy
B. Resisting peer pressure
C. Assertiveness
D. Negotiation skills
- (ii) Which of the following rights **cannot** be claimed or proved in the courts of law? ()
A. Right to be treated with respect
B. Right to life
C. Right to education
D. Right to fair trial
- (iii) Why do we need to help orphans? ()
A. Because they are poor.
B. Because the law demands so
C. Because they have no one to take care for them
D. Because they are many in our society
- (iv) The following are conditions that can cause a person to lose his/her citizenship in Tanzania **except**: ()
A. Committing crimes such as treason, sabotage or fraud.
B. Joining an opposition political party
C. Denouncing one's Tanzania citizenship
D. Showing disloyalty to the United Republic of Tanzania.
- (v) Which of the following works needs more of physical energy than mental energy? ()
A. Plumbing
B. Teaching
C. Designing
D. Treating patients
- (vi) As a child in your family, you have the following responsibilities **except**: ()
A. Taking care of you young siblings
B. Helping parents to perform domestic chores
C. Maintaining family discipline and peace
D. Respecting and obeying parents and elders.
- (vii) Which of the following colours of road signs tells drivers to get prepared to stop or to go? A. Red B. Amber C. Green D. Blue ()
- (viii) The parliament of the United Republic of Tanzania consists of two parts. What are they? ()
A. Cabinet and shadow ministers
B. Speaker and members of parliament
C. Ministers and members of parliament
D. President and National Assembly
- (ix) What was the major factor for the Union of Tanganyika and Zanzibar? ()
A. The desire of Mwl. J.K Nyerere and Abeid Amani Karume to meet their personal interests
B. Natural wealth of Tanganyika
C. Strengthening security for both parties
D. Influence from capitalist nations.

- (x) What is the other name of the simple majority representation system which is used in Tanzania?
- A. The first-past-the-post
 B. The Parliamentary system
 C. The proportional representation
 D. The presidential representation

2. Match the descriptions in **List A** with their appropriate terms in **List B** by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item number in the table provided.

| LIST A | LIST B |
|---|----------------------|
| (i) A proposal for a new law | A. Debate |
| (ii) A formal discussion of an issue in the parliament. | B. Motion |
| (iii) A subgroup of the National Assembly, formed to handle specific areas. | C. Bill |
| (iv) The primary legislative body in Tanzania, consisting of elected members of Parliament and appointed members. | D. Constitution |
| (v) The supreme law of Tanzania. | E. Committee |
| | F. President |
| | G. National Assembly |

Answers

| List A | (i) | (ii) | (iii) | (iv) | (v) |
|--------|-----|------|-------|------|-----|
| List B | | | | | |

SECTION B: (70 MARKS)

Answer **all** questions in this section

3. (a) Define “national symbols.”

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(b) Briefly explain the following national symbols of Tanzania.

(i) The Presidential Standard

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(ii) The Giraffe

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(iii) The national logo

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(iv) The national currency

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(v) The national anthem.

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4. (a) What is a healthy relationship?

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(b) Briefly identify five (5) criteria that one should consider when choosing a good friend.

(i)

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(ii)

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(iii)

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(iv)

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(v)

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5. (a) Describe the term "human rights"

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(b) Using five (5) points, show the role of the media in the promotion of human rights in Tanzania.

(i)

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(ii)

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(iii)

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(iv)

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(v)

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6. (a) Distinguish between **proper** and **improper** behavior.

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(b) Outline **five (5)** factors that accelerate improper behaviour among some students at your school.

- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (v)

7. (a) Define “national constitution.”

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.....
.....

(b) “Tanzania has undergone **five** major constitutional developments since independence (1961).” Prove by giving **five (5)** points.

- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (v)

8. (a) What is “indirect democracy?”

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(b) Identify and explain **five (5)** democratic principles that are implemented in Tanzania.

- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (v)

9. (a) Define “women empowerment.”

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.....

(b) Suggest **five (5)** strategies that the government of Tanzania should employ in order to empower women.

- (i)
- (ii)
- (iii)
- (iv)
- (v)

SECTION C: (15 MARKS)

Answer question ten (10).

10. “Tanzania is a sovereign country.” Using **five (5)** points, explain the importance of sovereignty to a country like Tanzania.

