

PRESIDENT'S OFFICE
REGIONAL ADMINISTRATION AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT
KIBAHA DISTRICT COUNCIL



DISTRICT FORM FOUR MOCK EXAMINATION

CODE: 012

HISTORY

TIME: 3:00 HOURS

2025

INSTRUCTIONS

1. This paper consist of section A, B and C with a total of eleven questions.
2. Answer ALL questions in section A and B and only two questions from section C.
3. Section A carries (16) sixteen marks, section B fifty-four (54) marks and section C carries thirty (30) marks.

SECTION A (16 Marks).

Answer all question from this section

1. For each items (i) – (x) choose the correct answer from among the given alternatives and write its letter beside the item number in the answer booklet provided.
 - i. Last year, Mr. Mfaume, the history teacher at Mtakwenda Secondary school took form one students to a place where historical documents and old written records are kept. What is appropriate name for place of such kind?
 - A. Museum
 - B. Archives
 - C. Artefact
 - D. Historical sites
 - E. Archaeological sites

- ii. The development of any trade needs guides just as it was in Trans saharan trade which developed due to the presence of security along trade routes where there were people who guided traders across desert. Who were those trader guiders?
 - A. Berbers
 - B. Mansa Mussa
 - C. Takshif
 - D. Touregs
 - E. Moraccan
- iii. The origin of Ngoni speaking people is historically believed to be in
 - A. Kimberly in South Africa
 - B. Soweto in South Africa
 - C. Cape of Good Hope in south Africa
 - D. Pretoria in South Africa
 - E. Natal in South Africa
- iv. Which of the following treaties prohibited the Sultan from exporting slave outside of Africa?
 - A. Moresby treaty
 - B. Frere treaty
 - C. Hamerton treaty
 - D. Bogus treaty
 - E. Helgoland treaty
- v. Industrial capitalism was preceded by
 - A. Imperialism
 - B. Colonialism
 - C. Competitive capitalism
 - D. Monopoly capitalism
 - E. Commercial capitalism
- vi. Which one of the following comprises the Bantu communities of east Africa?
 - A. Kikuyu,Kamba,somali,and luo
 - B. Kikuyu,Kamba,baganda,and nyamwezi
 - C. Baganda,luo,Kalenjin,and bunyoro.
 - D. Baganda,bosoga,banyoro and luo
 - E. Nyamwezi,Makonde,chagga and maasai
- vii. A form of colonial economy which was practiced in British East Africa was called?
 - A. Settlers economy and Mixed economy
 - B. Plantation and mixed economy
 - C. Peasant and settler economy
 - D. Peasant and plantation economy
 - E. Settlers and Plantation economy
- viii. Why did the Portuguese rule in East Africa decline?
 - A. Attack from zimba warriors
 - B. Scramble and partition of east Africa.
 - C. Emergence of the second world war
 - D. Effects of great economic depression.
 - E. Abolition of slave trade along the coast of east Africa.
- ix. During the cold war, both the USA and the USSR campaigned for decolonization of Africa. Why did these two antagonistic nations have the same motive over Africa?
 - A. They wanted to introduce neo colonialism in Africa
 - B. They wanted to spread their ideologies of capitalism and socialism in Africa
 - C. They felt pity for Africans who were oppressed by European powers
 - D. They wanted to make trade with African countries
 - E. They hated colonialism
- x. Which nation could no longer exploit the USA after getting her independence in 1776?

- A. Britain
- B. France
- C. Germany

- D. Russia
- E. Japan

2. Match the items in **List A** with the response in **List B** by writing the letter of the correct response beside the item the item number in answer booklet provided.

LIST A	LIST B
i. A political party which struggled for independence of Namibia.	A. ASP
ii. A political party which was formed in 1963 in Zimbabwe	B. UGCC
iii. A political party which fought for independence of Nigeria	C. UNC
iv. A political party that was formed in 1952 to demand for independence of Uganda.	D. SWAPO
v. A political party that overthrew the oppressive Arab rule in 1964	E. MPLA
vi. A political party which struggled for the independence of Angola	F. FRELIMO
	G. UNC
	H. AMNUT
	I. NCNC
	J. ZPPP
	K. ZANU-PF

SECTION B (54 MARKS)

Answer all questions in this section

3. Briefly, answer the following questions:
- a) Use two points, show how formation of military alliance led to the rise first world war
 - b) How Bandung conference facilitated the rise of African mass nationalism. Two points.
 - c) In two points explain why most Historians called League of nation as a toothless dog?
4. Arrange the following sentences in chronological order by writing number 1 to 6 beside the item number.
- i. By 1880s the scramble for Africa had reached serious proportion. There were signs that if this scramble was not regulated war would erupt among the European powers.
 - ii. In order to avert war, chancellor Otto Von Bismarck of Germany called an international conference of European powers with interest in Africa.
 - iii. The countries that were represented at the conference included Germany, Britain, French, Portugal, Belgium, Italy, Spain, Denmark ,and united states of America
 - iv. The berlin conference introduced the principle of effective occupation of colonies hence paving the way for the colonization of the African continent.
 - v. The berlin conference led to economic growth for most European nations since they were assured of maximum supply of raw materials, cheap labour, and market for their industrial manufactured goods.
 - vi. By the late 1870s much of African interior was known to Europeans capitalist interest through the services of xplorers and missionaries.
5. Draw a sketch map of Africa and locate the following by using roman numbers
- i. A coastal city state that received gold from mwenemutapa during the Portuguese rule in east Africa.

- ii. The colony where Ian Smith and Clifford Dupot sign a unilateral declaration of independence
 - iii. A country where mandika resistance against the French colonies took place in the late 19C
 - iv. A country where Eduardo Mondlane met his death in the mid 20 C A.D
 - v. A country where the treaty of vereening was signed to end hostilities that developed between two European countries.
6. Briefly, answer the following question:
- a) Explain two pieces of evidence that support theory of evolution.
 - b) How human obtained food during the Old Stone Age?
 - c) How iron technology led to the emergence of strong centralized states in Africa? Give two points.
7. Despite the fact that the British used indirect rule in their colonies, they opted for direct rule in Southern Rhodesia. Why such an option in the colony? (Explain with six points).
8. Briefly explain setbacks that face African economic development. Six points.

SECTION C (30 Marks)

Answer two (2) questions from this section

9. With vivid examples explain six features of the non-antagonistic mode of production
10. Identify six factors which determined introduction of various agricultural systems in the colonies.
11. The First World War of 1914-1918 was inevitable due to the number of reasons but it caused a lot of scars on Africa. Justify the above statement with six points.